

# Package ‘ordPanel’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Ordered Panel

**Version** 0.1.2

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**Description** The ordered panel methodology (Zezulinski et al 2025 <[doi:10.1159/000545366](https://doi.org/10.1159/000545366)>) provides a structured framework for identifying and organizing sets of biomarkers, such as genetic variants, that distinguish between positive and negative subjects in a study when only a training cohort is available. This approach is particularly useful in situations where an independent validation cohort does not yet exist, rendering conventional performance metrics such as the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve and area under the ROC curve (AUC) inappropriate or potentially misleading. The methodology emphasizes transparent construction and evaluation of ordered signatures of biomarkers, allowing investigators to examine operating characteristics without establishing predictive performance.

**License** GPL-2

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**LazyDataCompression** xz

**URL** <https://github.com/tingtingzhan/ordPanel>,  
<https://tingtingzhan.quarto.pub/ordpanel/>,  
<https://tingtingzhan-ordpanel.netlify.app>

**Depends** R (>= 4.6.0)

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**Suggests** testthat

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ordPanel-package	<i>ordPanel: Ordered Panel</i>
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## Description

The ordered panel methodology (Zezulinski et al 2025 [doi:10.1159/000545366](https://doi.org/10.1159/000545366)) provides a structured framework for identifying and organizing sets of biomarkers, such as genetic variants, that distinguish between positive and negative subjects in a study when only a training cohort is available. This approach is particularly useful in situations where an independent validation cohort does not yet exist, rendering conventional performance metrics such as the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve and area under the ROC curve (AUC) inappropriate or potentially misleading. The methodology emphasizes transparent construction and evaluation of ordered signatures of biomarkers, allowing investigators to examine operating characteristics without establishing predictive performance.

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**See Also**

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/tingtingzhan/ordPanel>
- <https://tingtingzhan.quarto.pub/ordpanel/>
- <https://tingtingzhan-ordpanel.netlify.app>

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autoplot.panellist	Visualize <a href="#">panellist</a> using Package <b>R</b> <i>project.org/package=ggplot2</i> <b>ggplot2</b>	<b>R</b> <i>hrefhttps://CRAN.R-</i>
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**Description**

Visualize [panellist](#) using Package **ggplot2**

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'panellist'
autoplot(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'panellist'
autolayer(object, which = c("oc", "roc"), ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	<a href="#">panellist</a>
...	additional parameters, currently no use
which	<a href="#">character</a> scalar, 'oc' (default value) or (faux) 'roc'

**Value**

The S3 method `autoplot.panellist()` returns a [ggplot](#) object.

---

panel	S4 Class <a href="#">panel</a>
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**Description**

S4 Class [panel](#)

**Usage**

```
panel(m1 = zezulinski1, m0 = zezulinski0)
```

**Arguments**

- `m1, m0` see detailed explanations in Section **Slots**.
- If both `m1` and `m0` are missing, then random [logical matrix](#)-es will be generated;
  - If one-and-only-one of `m1` and `m0` is missing, then the function `panel()` will [stop](#).

**Value**

The function `panel()` returns an R object of S4 class `panel`.

**Slots**

`m1, m0` [logical matrix](#)-es, true and false positives, respectively. In other words, the variants tested positive in the positive and negative subjects (patients), respectively. Rows are different variants. Columns are different subjects. The [rownames](#) of `m0` and `m1` must be the same.

`id` [list](#) of [character vectors](#)

`ordered` [logical](#) scalar, whether this is an ordered `panel`

`label` (optional) [character](#) scalar, a human-friendly description of the `panel`

`consort` (optional) [data.frame](#) to create a `consort_plot`

---

panellist

panellist

---

**Description**

To combine multiple `panels`.

**Usage**

```
panellist(...)
```

**Arguments**

`...` one or more `panels`

**Value**

The function `panellist()` returns an S3 object of `panellist`, which inherits from the classes `listof` and `list`.

---

pkg_data	<i>Data Sets in Package <b>ordPanel</b></i>
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---

**Description**

Data sets used as examples in package **ordPanel**.

**Usage**

```
zezulinski1
```

```
zezulinski0
```

**Format**

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 12877 rows and 50 columns.

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 12877 rows and 31 columns.

**References**

[doi:10.1159/000545366](https://doi.org/10.1159/000545366)

---

plot.panel	<i>Flow-Chart of Ordered <a href="#">panel</a></i>
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---

**Description**

To create a flow-chart for the creation of an ordered [panel](#).

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'panel'  
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	an ordered <a href="#">panel</a>
...	additional parameters of the function <a href="#">consort_plot</a> , except for data, orders and side_box

**Value**

The function `plot.panel()` returns

- an R object of class `'consort'` (returned from the function [consort\\_plot](#)), if the input [panel](#) has a non-default `@consort` slot;
- an `invisible` NULL-value, if the input [panel](#) has a default `@consort` slot.

---

plot.panellist      *Flow-Charts of Ordered panellist*

---

### Description

To create flow-charts for the creation of an ordered [panellist](#).

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'panellist'
plot(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x                    an ordered [panellist](#)  
 ...                  additional parameters for the function [wrap\\_plots](#), **not** for the function [plot.panel\(\)](#)

### Value

The function [plot.panellist\(\)](#) returns

- a [patchwork](#), (returned from the function [wrap\\_plots](#)), if the input [panellist](#) has at least one [panel](#) with a non-default `@consort` slot;
- an [invisible](#) NULL-value, if all [panels](#) in the input [panellist](#) have a default `@consort` slot.

---

show,panel-method      *Show panel*

---

### Description

Show [panel](#)

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'panel'
show(object)
```

### Arguments

object              [panel](#)

### Value

The [show](#) method of [panel](#) class does not have a returned value.

---

sort_by.panel	<i>Sort <a href="#">panel</a> by Given Criterion</i>
---------------	------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

To sort a [panel](#) by some given criterion.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'panel'  
sort_by(x, y, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	<a href="#">panel</a>
y	one-sided <a href="#">formula</a>
...	additional parameters of <a href="#">order</a>

**Value**

The S3 method [sort\\_by.panel\(\)](#) returns an **ordered** [panel](#).

---

subset.panel	<i>Select a <a href="#">subset</a> of <a href="#">panel</a></i>
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---

**Description**

Select a [subset](#) of [panel](#)

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'panel'  
subset(x, subset, append.label = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	<a href="#">panel</a>
subset	R <a href="#">language</a> object
append.label	<a href="#">logical</a> scalar (default value FALSE), whether to append the subset-criterion to x@label
...	additional parameters, currently not in use

**Value**

The S3 method [subset.panel\(\)](#) returns an R object of S4 class [panel](#).

---

sum1	<i>Number of True &amp; False Positives</i>
------	---------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Number of True & False Positives

**Usage**

```
sum1(x)
```

```
sum0(x)
```

```
cumsum1(x)
```

```
cumsum0(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    [panel](#)

**Value**

The functions [sum1\(\)](#) and [sum0\(\)](#) return a [integer vector](#).

The functions [cumsum1\(\)](#) and [cumsum0\(\)](#) return a non-decreasing [integer vector](#).

---

[.panel]	<i>Extract Rows of <a href="#">panel</a></i>
----------	----------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Extract Rows of [panel](#)

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'panel'  
x[i, ...]
```

**Arguments**

x                    [panel](#)  
i                    [logical vector](#), row indices  
...                  additional parameters, currently not in use

**Value**

The S3 method [\[.panel\(\)](#) returns a [panel](#).

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